

SI Physics - Full Discipline Demo

Centripetal Acceleration - Digital

Final Report - Answer Guide

Institution	Science Interactive University
Session	SI Physics - Full Discipline Demo
Course	SI Physics - Full Discipline Demo
Instructor	Sales SI Demo

Test Your Knowledge

Match each term with the best description.

⚙ Arc length	Occurs when objects travel in a circular path at a constant speed	1
⚙ Centripetal acceleration	Change in velocity when an object travels in a circular path at a constant speed	2
⚙ Centripetal force	Points toward the rotational axis of a rotating object, and causes the velocity to change directions without changing the magnitude	3
⚙ Tension	The distance traced out in a circular path	4
⚙ Uniform circular motion	Force transmitted through a string or similar material that allows a force to act over a distance	5

Correct answers:

- 1 Uniform circular motion 2 Centripetal acceleration 3 Centripetal force
4 Arc length 5 Tension

Identify each statement as true or false.

⚡ The arc length is equal to the subtended angle divided by the radius.	
⚡	
The magnitude and direction of the tangential velocity of an object in uniform circular motion change over time.	
⚡	
The speed of an object undergoing uniform circular motion can be determined using the circumference and the period of the motion.	
⚡	
The tension of a swinging string can provide the centripetal force needed to keep an object on its circular path.	
True	False
1	2

Correct answers:

1

The speed of an object undergoing uniform circular motion can be determined using the circumference and the period of the motion.

The tension of a swinging string can provide the centripetal force needed to keep an object on its circular path.

2

The arc length is equal to the subtended angle divided by the radius.

The magnitude and direction of the tangential velocity of an object in uniform circular motion change over time.

Exploration

During uniform circular motion, the magnitude and direction of the velocity change.

☐ True

☒ False



The term centripetal means ____.

- ☐ circular
- ☒ center-seeking ✓
- ☐ towards the margin
- ☐ None of the above

____ velocity is the velocity of an object moving in a circular path in uniform circular motion.

- ☒ Tangential ✓
- ☐ Centripetal
- ☐ Circular
- ☐ None of the above

The centripetal force always points in the same direction as the centripetal acceleration.

- ☒ True ✓
- ☐ False

For circular motion calculations, the angle is measured in units of ____.

- ☐ degrees
- ☒ radians ✓
- ☐ revolutions
- ☐ None of the above

The ____ of an object undergoing uniform circular motion can be determined using the circumference and the period of the motion.

- ☐ acceleration
- ☐ radius
- ☒ speed
- ☐ None of the above

✓

____ provides the centripetal force needed to keep an object swinging on a string on its circular path.

- ☐ Gravity
- ☒ Tension
- ☐ Velocity
- ☐ None of the above

✓

Exercise 1

What was the effect of increasing the hanging mass on the centripetal force in Part 1 of this exercise?

As the hanging mass increases, the magnitude of the centripetal force increases proportionately.

Did increasing the mass of the rotating object affect its velocity in Part 2 of this exercise?

The hanging mass determines the experimental centripetal force. Thus, the centripetal force is constant in Part 2. Due to the relationship $F_c = mv^2/r$, if the mass increases, the velocity must decrease to maintain the constant centripetal force provided by the hanging mass.

What effect did increasing the radius of the rotating mass have on its velocity?

Increasing the radius increases the velocity of the rotating mass.

Data Table 1: Varying Hanging Mass - Measurements and Calculations
(SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

Rotating Mass (kg)	0.025	Radius (m)	2.00	Circumference (m)	12.57		
Trial	Hanging Mass (kg)	Time - 10 rev (s)	Time T - 1 rev (s)	Velocity (m/s)	F _c (N)	F _g (N)	% Error
1	0.070 Note: due to the nature of this sim, student answers will vary	17.0	1.70	7.39	0.683	0.687	0.54
2	0.110	13.5	1.35	9.31	1.083	1.079	0.37
3	0.150	11.6	1.16	10.83	1.467	1.472	0.31
4	0.200	10.1	1.01	12.44	1.935	1.962	1.37

Data Table 2: Varying Rotating Mass - Measurements and Calculations
(SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

Hanging Mass (kg)	0.140 Note: due to the nature of this sim, student answers will vary	Radius (m)	2.00	Circumference (m)	12.57		
Trial	Rotating Mass (kg)	Time - 10 rev (s)	Time T - 1 rev (s)	Velocity (m/s)	F _c (N)	F _g (N)	% Error
1	0.025	12.0	1.20	10.47	1.371	1.373	0.19
2	0.057	18.2	1.82	6.90	1.359	1.373	1.07
3	0.079	21.3	2.13	5.90	1.375	1.373	0.11
4	0.116	25.9	2.59	4.85	1.365	1.373	0.59

Data Table 3: Varying Radius - Measurements and Calculations
(SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

Rotating Mass (kg)		0.025 Note: due to the nature of this sim, student answers will vary		Hanging Mass (kg)		0.140		
Trial	Radius (m)	Time - 10 rev (s)	Time T - 1 rev (s)	Circumference (m)	Velocity (m/s)	F _c (N)	F _g (N)	% Error
1	0.27	4.6	0.46	1.70	3.69	1.259	1.373	8.30
2	0.42	5.6	0.56	2.64	4.71	1.322	1.373	3.76

3	0.68	6.9	0.69	4.27	6.19	1.410	1.373	2.64
4	0.99	8.4	0.84	6.22	7.41	1.385	1.373	0.83

Competency Review

Uniform circular motion occurs when objects travel in a circular path at a constant ____.

- ☐ velocity
- ☐ direction
- ☒ speed ✓
- ☐ All of the above

The centripetal acceleration points towards the center of the circle.

- ☒ True ✓
- ☐ False

The centripetal acceleration is always ____ to the tangential velocity.

- ☒ perpendicular ✓
- ☐ tangential
- ☐ central
- ☐ All of the above

The centripetal force is proportional to the ____.

- ☐ mass
- ☐ velocity squared
- ☐ inverse of the radius
- ☒ All of the above ✓

The ____ force provides the tension force in the centripetal force apparatus.

- ☐ spring
- ☒ gravitational
- ☐ incline
- ☐ All of the above

✓

The tension force is greater than the centripetal force in the centripetal force apparatus.

- ☐ True
- ☒ False

✓

An object moving in uniform circular motion with a radius of 0.6 m and a period of 0.4 s has a tangential velocity of ____ m/s.

- ☐ 2
- ☐ 4
- ☒ 9
- ☐ None of the above

✓

The centripetal force acting on a 0.30 kg object moving with a tangential velocity of 12 m/s in a 0.80 m radius circle is ____ N.

- ☐ 4.5
- ☒ 54
- ☐ 380
- ☐ None of the above

✓

The centripetal acceleration acting on a 0.30 kg object moving with a tangential velocity of 12 m/s in a 0.80 m radius circle is ____ m/s².

- ☐ 15
- ☒ 180
- ☐ 480
- ☐ None of the above



Extension Questions

For each of the following scenarios, describe the force providing the centripetal force for the motion:

- a. a car making a turn**
- b. a child swinging around a pole**
- c. a person sitting on a bench facing the center of a carousel**
- d. a rock swinging on a string**
- e. the Earth orbiting the Sun.**

(SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

- a. static friction between the car tire and the road
- b. the pulling force of the child's arms
- c. the normal force of the bench and the person's back and/or the friction force of the bench seat and the person's bottom
- d. the tension of the string
- e. the gravitational force of the Sun on the Earth.