SI Environmental Science - Full Discipline Demo

Food Web - Digital

Final Report - Answer Guide

Institution Science Interactive University

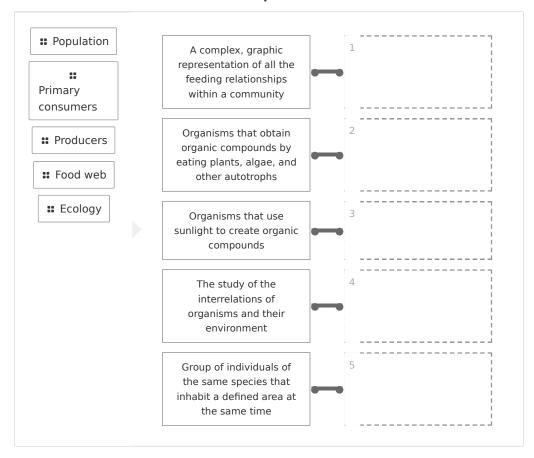
SessionSI Environmental Science - Full Discipline DemoCourseSI Environmental Science - Full Discipline Demo

Instructor Sales SI Demo

Test Your Knowledge



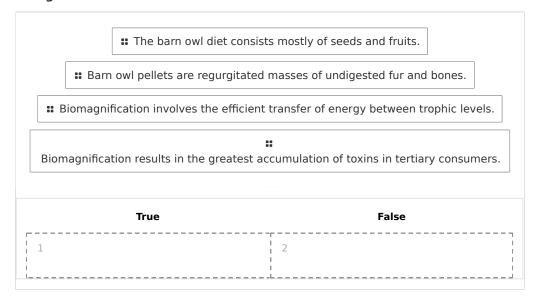
Match each term with the best description.



Correct answers:

- 1 Food web 2 Primary consumers 3 Producers 4 Ecology
- 5 Population

Categorize each statement as true or false.



Correct answers:

1 Barn owl pellets are regurgitated masses of undigested fur and bones.

Biomagnification results in the greatest accumulation of toxins in tertiary consumers.

2 The barn owl diet consists mostly of seeds and fruits.

Biomagnification involves the efficient transfer of energy between trophic levels.

Exploration

An ecological community includes all organisms that live and interact within a defined area.

True		•
False		

	are an example of a trophic level 1 producer.	
	 Carnivores 	
	 Herbivores 	
	 Detritivores 	
	Green plants	~
	Biomagnification is the process in which toxic compounds decrease in concentration within organisms at each trophic level within an ecologic community.	al
	○ True	
	○ False	~
	Barn owl pellets typically contain	
	fish scales	
	eggshells	
	small mammal remains	~
	fruits and leaves	
How ma	cise 1 any prey organisms were represented in your owl pellet? Reference Data 1 in your explanation.	Table 1 and
one ex	rey organism was represented in each of the versions. Students should reference cample of each bone was categorized in Photo 1 and that all bones were from the anism as listed in Data Table 1	



Did the diet of the barn owl that produced the pellet for this exercise consist of primary consumers or secondary consumers? Reference Data Table 1 and Photo 1 in your explanation.

Students with version A should conclude the diet of the owl consists of primary consumers because the bones were from a rodent. Students with versions B and C should conclude the diet of the owl consists of secondary consumers because the bones were from a mole and shrew

Describe the food web represented by the items dissected from the owl pellet in this exercise making sure to include each trophic level.

Students should describe a food web that includes green plants as the primary producers (trophic level 1), rodents as the primary consumers (trophic level 2), and barn owls as the secondary consumers (trophic level 2) if only rodent bones were found in the pellet (Version A). If shrew and/or moles bones were represented (versions B and C), the student should also include insects and other invertebrates in trophic level 2 and list barn owls as tertiary consumers in trophic level 4.

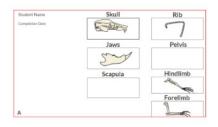
Data Table 1: Record of Bones in Owl Pellet (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

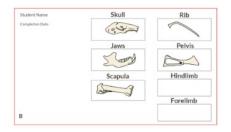
respectively.

Version Either A, B, or C	Mole	Rodent	Shrew	Total
Skull	A=0; B=1; C=0	A=1; B=0; C=0	A=0; B=0; C=1	A=1; B=1; C=1
Jaw	A=0; B=1; C=0	A=1; B=0; C=0	A=0; B=0; C=1	A=1; B=1; C=1
Scapula				A=0; B=1; C=1
Pelvis				A=0; B=1; C=0

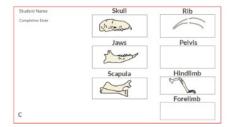
Photo 1: Bones of Dissected Owl Pellet (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

Note to instructors: Individual students will upload either A, B, or C depending on version generated by interactive.









Exercise 2

How much was the concentration of DDT biomagnified between the primary producer and tertiary consumer in the salt marsh food web represented by the simulation? Reference Data Table 1 in your explanation.

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Data T	Table 2: DDT Concentrations per Tro	ophic Level
	Trophic level	DDT concentration (ppm)
Water		0.00005
Plankton	Primary producer	0.05
Shrimp	Primary consumer	0.20
Sea trout	Secondary consumer	2.05
Osprey	Tertiary consumer	75
Compete	ncy Review	
· 	is the study of the interrelation	ns of organisms and their environment.
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	is the study of the interrelation Archaeology Ecology Taxonomy Sociology feed on green plants, algae, ar	•

○ True	✓
False	
Biomagnification results in the most toxins bein of	g stored in the body tissues
producers	
 primary consumers 	
 secondary consumers 	
tertiary consumers	•
Barn owls regurgitate containing the undigonal mammals. pellets feces crop milk	jested hair and bones of
uric acid	
The skulls and jaws dissected from owl pellets a of the owl.	are used to identify the diet
○ True	~
○ False	
A dissected barn owl pellet was found to contain remains, meaning the owl functions as a in	
primary consumer	
detritivore	



are most likely to be negatively impacted by low levels of D water of a salt marsh community.	DT in the
Ospreys	~
Sea trout	
Shrimp	
Plankton	

Extension Questions

Fruit-eating birds typically swallow seeds that are not digested and excreted in their feces. Apply your knowledge of food webs to explain how the seeds can be used to describe the bird's interactions with both lower and higher trophic levels in their communities food web. (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

The feces of the trophic level 2 birds could be analyzed to determine the types of seeds they contained, which could be used to describe the trophic level one producers of the seeds. The presence of the same seeds in the feces of higher trophic level organisms in the food web could be used to infer that these predators consume the fruit-eating birds in their diets.