SI Biology - Full Discipline Demo

Food Web

Final Report - Answer Guide

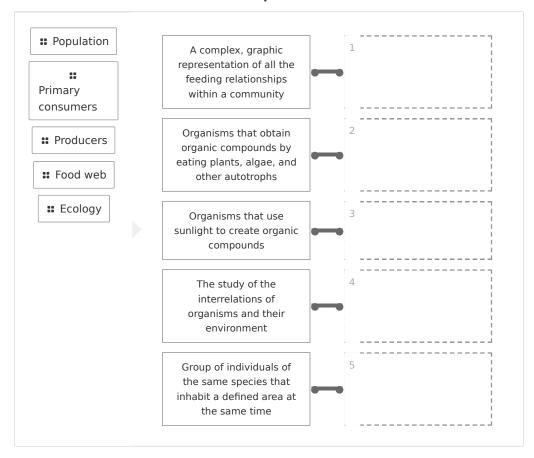
InstitutionScience Interactive UniversitySessionSI Biology - Full Discipline DemoCourseSI Biology - Full Discipline Demo

Instructor Sales SI Demo

Test Your Knowledge



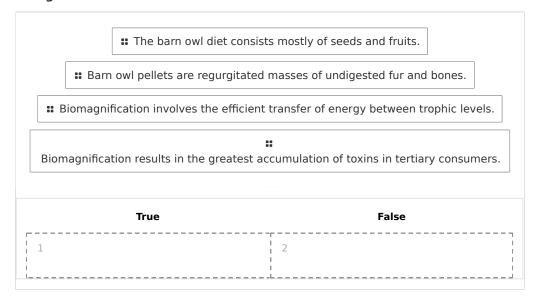
Match each term with the best description.



Correct answers:

- 1 Food web 2 Primary consumers 3 Producers 4 Ecology
- 5 Population

Categorize each statement as true or false.



Correct answers:

1 Barn owl pellets are regurgitated masses of undigested fur and bones.

Biomagnification results in the greatest accumulation of toxins in tertiary consumers.

2 The barn owl diet consists mostly of seeds and fruits.

Biomagnification involves the efficient transfer of energy between trophic levels.

Exploration

An ecological community includes all organisms that live and interact within a defined area.

True		•
False		

	are an example of a trophic level 1 producer.	
	 Carnivores 	
	 Herbivores 	
	 Detritivores 	
	Green plants	~
	Biomagnification is the process in which toxic compounds decrease in concentration within organisms at each trophic level within an ecological community.	al
	○ True	
	○ False	~
	Barn owl pellets typically contain	
	fish scales	
	eggshells	
	small mammal remains	✓
	 fruits and leaves 	
How ma	CISE 1 any prey organisms were represented in your owl pellet? Reference Data 1 in your explanation.	Table 1 and
suppoi	nt answers will vary but should match the bones dissected from the owl pellet a orted by Data Table 1 and Photo 1. There were bones from 10 different organisms ted during internal testing	nd be s in the pellet



Students should describe a food web that includes green plants as the primary producers (trophic level 1), rodents as the primary consumers (trophic level 2), and barn owls as the secondary consumers (trophic level 2) if only rodent bones were found in the pellet. If shrew and/or moles bones were also represented, the student should also include insects and other invertebrates in trophic level 2 and list barn owls as tertiary consumers in trophic level 4.

Data Table 1: Record of Bones in Owl Pellet

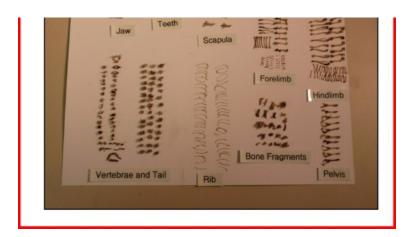
(0) 11 11 22 7	Mole	Rodent	Shrew	Total
Skull	Pellets will vary. Student answers should match Photo 1. From internal testing photo: 0	2	0	2
Lower jaw	0	3	0	3
Scapula				1
Pelvis				2

Photo 1: Bones of Dissected Owl Pellet (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

Instructor Note: Image for reference only. Student images will have fewer bones.







Exercise 2

How much was the concentration of DDT biomagnified between the primary producer and tertiary consumer in the salt marsh food web represented by the simulation? Reference Data Table 1 in your explanation.

	0 / 10000 Word Limit



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Data T	Table 2: DDT Concentrations per Tro	ophic Level
	Trophic level	DDT concentration (ppm)
Water		0.00005
Plankton	Primary producer	0.05
Shrimp	Primary consumer	0.20
Sea trout	Secondary consumer	2.05
Osprey	Tertiary consumer	75
Compete	ncy Review	
· 	is the study of the interrelation	ns of organisms and their environment.
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	is the study of the interrelation Archaeology Ecology Taxonomy Sociology feed on green plants, algae, ar	•
	is the study of the interrelation Archaeology Ecology Taxonomy Sociology feed on green plants, algae, ar	•

○ True	✓
False	
Biomagnification results in the most toxins bein of	g stored in the body tissues
producers	
 primary consumers 	
 secondary consumers 	
tertiary consumers	•
Barn owls regurgitate containing the undigonal mammals. pellets feces crop milk	jested hair and bones of
uric acid	
The skulls and jaws dissected from owl pellets a of the owl.	are used to identify the diet
○ True	~
○ False	
A dissected barn owl pellet was found to contain remains, meaning the owl functions as a in	
primary consumer	
detritivore	



are most likely to be negatively impacted by low levels of DDT in the water of a salt marsh community.			
Ospreys	~		
Sea trout			
Shrimp			
Plankton			

Extension Questions

Fruit-eating birds typically swallow seeds that are not digested and excreted in their feces. Apply your knowledge of food webs to explain how the seeds can be used to describe the bird's interactions with both lower and higher trophic levels in their communities food web. (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

The feces of the trophic level 2 birds could be analyzed to determine the types of seeds they contained, which could be used to describe the trophic level one producers of the seeds. The presence of the same seeds in the feces of higher trophic level organisms in the food web could be used to infer that these predators consume the fruit-eating birds in their diets.